

## „The Power of the Fuze“



60<sup>th</sup> Annual Fuze Conference  
May 11<sup>th</sup>, 2017  
Harald Wich  
Diehl & Eagle Picher GmbH

# Overview

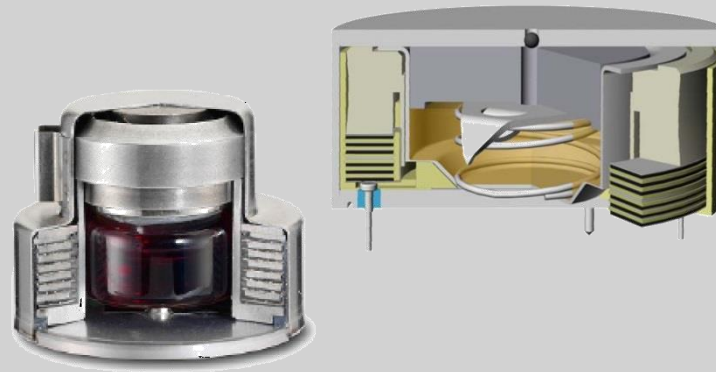
- ◆ History, the large Calibre Fuzes
- ◆ Requirements
- ◆ Challenges
- ◆ Miniaturised Fuze Batteries
- ◆ New Test Equipment
- ◆ Conclusions

# Legacy Fuze Batteries

- ◆ PS115 (lead)
- ◆ MOFA post launch
- ◆ DEP 1400x series

## ◆ Requirements

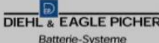
- Power                    1 – 5 W
- Energy                  200 – 500 J
- Life time                < 200 s
- Rise time               > 100 ms



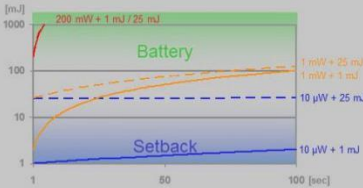
# The “Onset”

- ◆ In our 2011 presentation ...

**How is the Fuze Energy provide**

  
Batterie-Systeme

- A wide range of Energy levels
  - > less than 10 mJ's;  
well covered by a plethora of **Setback Generators**
  - > above 1 J;  
well covered by **Reserve Batteries** and EM-Air Turbines



⇒ mid range – defined here as 10 mJ ÷ 1,000 mJ – is somewhat diverse

- Why is that?
  - > Batteries and Turbines can certainly cover the Energy range required however, it is difficult to get them small enough
  - > Setback Generators grow rapidly in size if higher Energy Output is required

**Energy Density is the Keyword**

D&EPresentations\Fuze\NIDIA Mid Range Fuze Power ppt (10y 2012) 1 Copyright Diehl & Eagle Picher GmbH

we have analysed the requirements ...

... and proposed a small Fuze battery

**Yet a new small Liquid Reserve Battery**

  
Batterie-Systeme

- ◆ For small and medium calibre applications



- > 12 mm diameter
- > 12 mm high
- > single cell Lithium Battery
- > 3.0 ÷ 3.6 V closed circuit voltage
- > up to 50 mA load current
- > setback/spin activation mechanism
  - > 7000 g activation
  - fast - < 5 ms - activation under spin environment
- > lifetime > 50 s
- > wide temperature range -46°C to +63°C
- > very long shelf life – up to 20 years
- > reliable
- > low cost

**Lithium Liquid Reserve Batteries provide superior Energy Density**

D&EPresentations\Fuze\NIDIA Fuze Power Quo Vade ppt (10y 2011) 2 Copyright Diehl & Eagle Picher GmbH

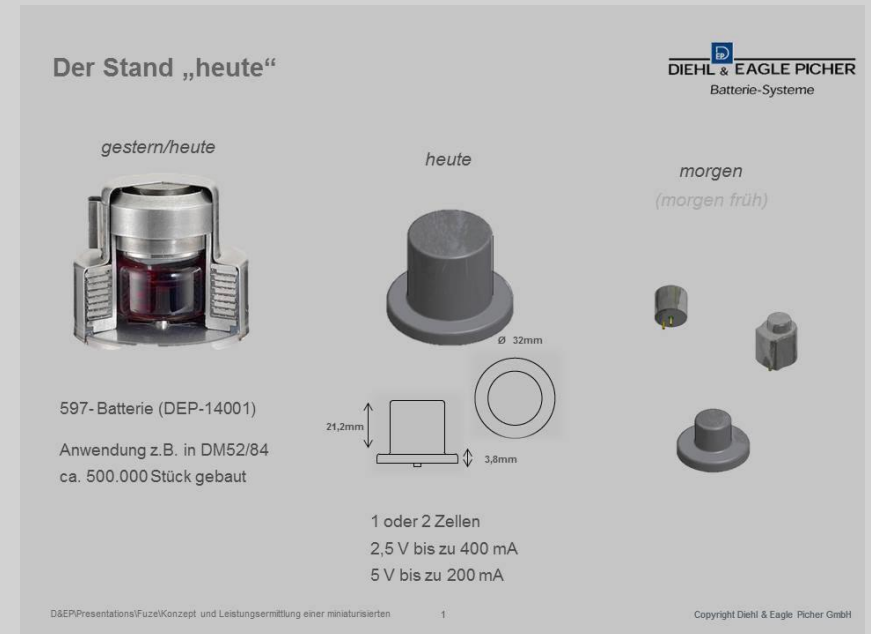
# The Start

- ◆ Naively we thought ...
  - substitute a 5 – 10 mJ set-back-generator
  - with a 100 mJ fuze battery
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  the size of the generator

## is not a big issue

we used to build Artillery/Mortar-Fuze Batteries  
with 10,000 times more Capacity

just reduce the diameter by a factor of 3  
and  
the height by factor of 2.5



# Customers Challenge

## ◆ Our 2014 presentation ...

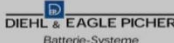
### Power Supply

- ◆ All new electronic Subsystems are
  - Low voltage 1.7 - 8.5 V\*
  - Low current 5 - 110 mA\*
  - ⇒ Low power 10 - 300 mW\*
- ◆ Typical combinations for medium caliber
 

$P_{Peak} = 50 - 500 \text{ mW}$

flight times of 10 - 20 sec sum up to  $E = 0.5 - 10 \text{ J}$
- ◆ Sophisticated Power management is required to lower Energy

\* for the examples shown



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### Electrical data

**Voltage:** As high as possible to reduce current. We are thinking 3-4 cells in series (if possible).  
Minimum voltage level TBD

**Energy:** Shall 0,5 Joule, Should 1 Joule

**Activation** Should 50 msec, Shall 100 msec (min 300 mJ delivered at this time to capacitor)

**Type of load:** DC/DC converter (switching type). Up to 10 W can be consumed by the converter for a short time.

supplemented by DoD 2014.1 SBIR

rise time < 10/100 ms  
current > 2/40 mA  
voltage > 2.9 V

## our customer survey

Anforderungen/Randbedingungen		DIEHL & EAGLE PICHER Batterie-Systeme											
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X		
Spannung [V]	1x	3,3	3,5	3,6	(3,6)	25	5	k.A.			>2,4	>10	>2,9
Strom [A]	<	20m	250m	(3,3)	(280m)	100m	k.A.			36m			40m
Leistung [W]	<	40m	875m	(12)	1	(500m)	500m				5-10		(120m)
Energie [J]	k.A.	(200m)	5,3	144	10	(30)	(15)			500m			(2,4)
Laufzeit [s]	<<	5	<	12	k.A.	(12)	10	60	30		15	15	20
Anstiegszeit [ms]	<<		<<	8	k.A.	k.A.	10	k.A.		6	<<		10
Abmessungen [mm]	k.A.	k.A.		φ 20 h 25	φ 25 h 20-20	φ 21,16 h 11	φ 22 h 14 / 19			φ 11 h 10	k.A.		φ 6,3 h 7
Beschleunigung [g]	>>		>>	k.A.	k.A.	>>	k.A.		60000	12000	12000		100000
Drehl [1/N]	>>		>>	k.A.	k.A.		100-500	k.A.		1-120	1-120		1000
Kaliber [mm]		30	30	k.A.	k.A.		40	40 57	30 40 100	84	84		

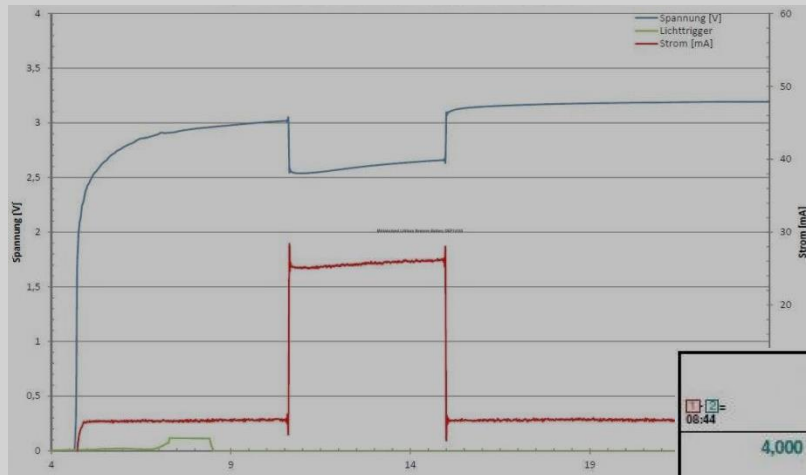
D&EP/Präsentation/Fuze/Konzept und Leistungsermittlung einer miniaturierten 1 Copyright Diehl & Eagle Picher GmbH und Leistungsermittlung einer miniaturierten 2 Copyright Diehl & Eagle Picher GmbH

- ◆ Requirement “Challenges/Highlights” \*
- Voltage as high as possible
- Energy hundred´s of mJ
- Power most of the Energy within ms  
some W´s
- Current hundred´s of mA
- Rise time almost instantaneously  
 $t_r = \text{close to zero}$
- Life time up to 60 s
- Environment spinning and none spinning

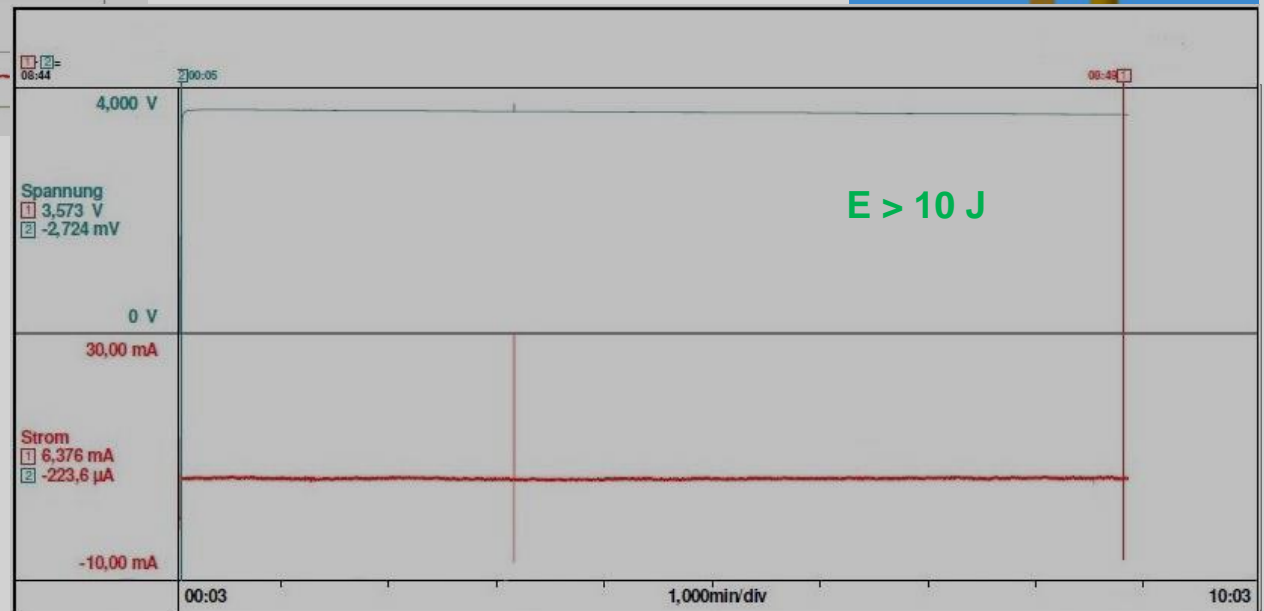
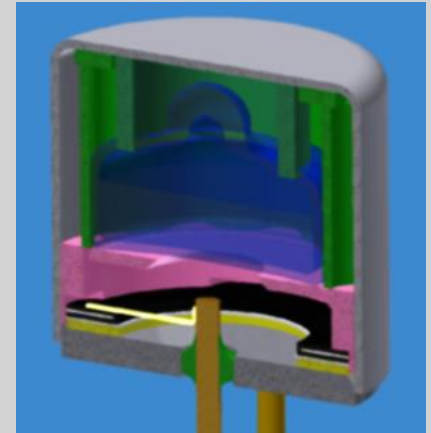
\* fortunately not all cumulative

# Our first small Battery

- ◆ High Acceleration (no/low spin)



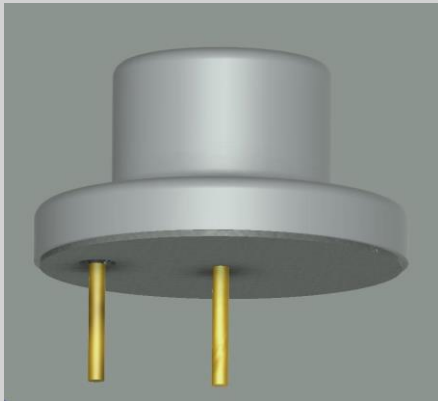
DEP 14103  
at -46°C





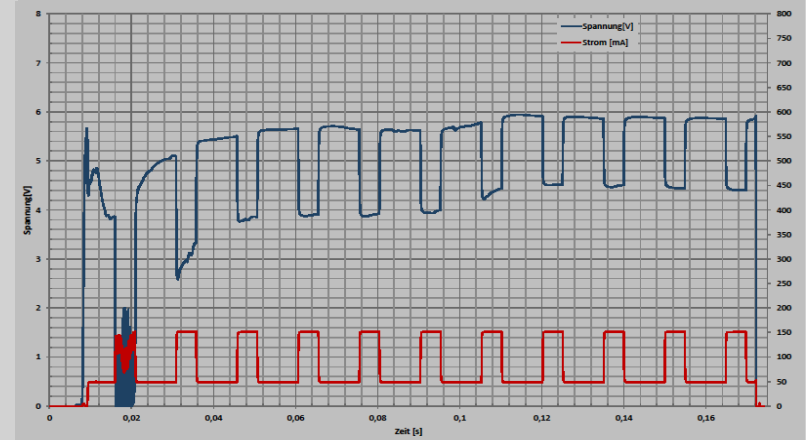
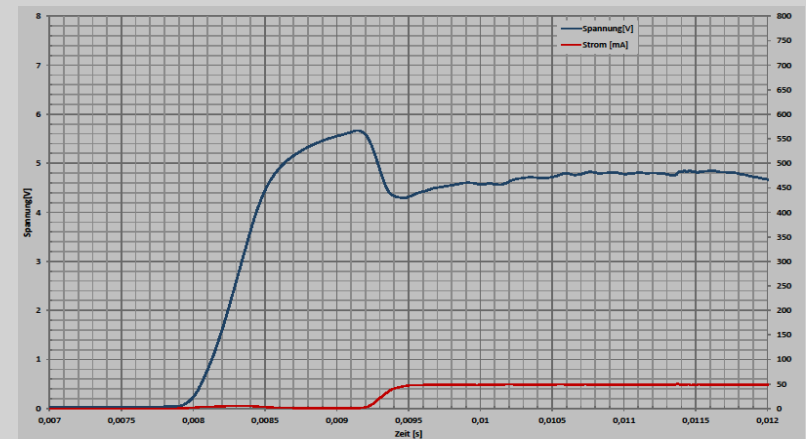
# The next small Battery

## ◆ DEP14202.01



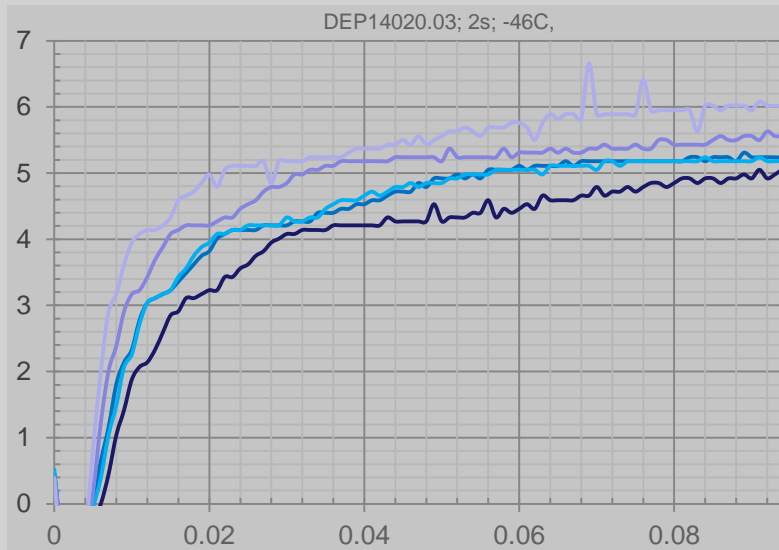
reflecting new customer requirements

*DEP14202.z; -46°C, spin*



# Early Voltage/Power Capability

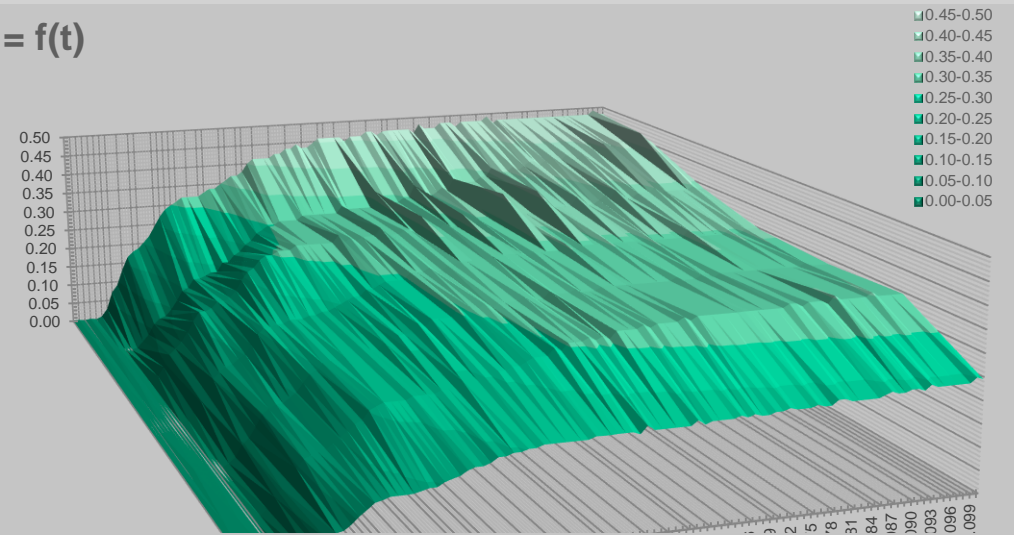
## ◆ Load-Test



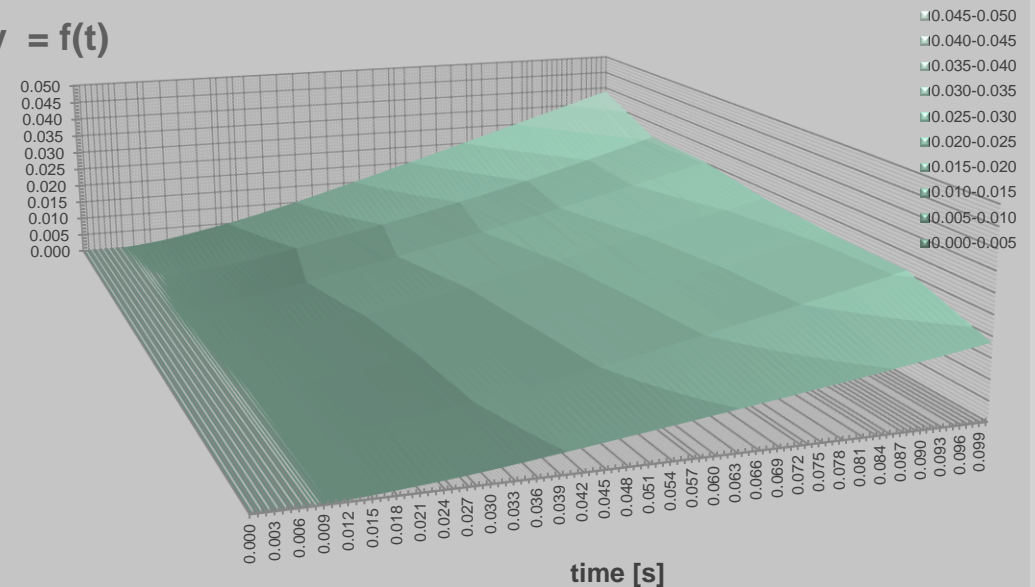
### 2s Battery

$P \approx 500 \text{ mW/cm}^2$  @ 100 ms  
 $E \approx 40 \text{ mJ/cm}^2$  until 100 ms

Power = f(t)

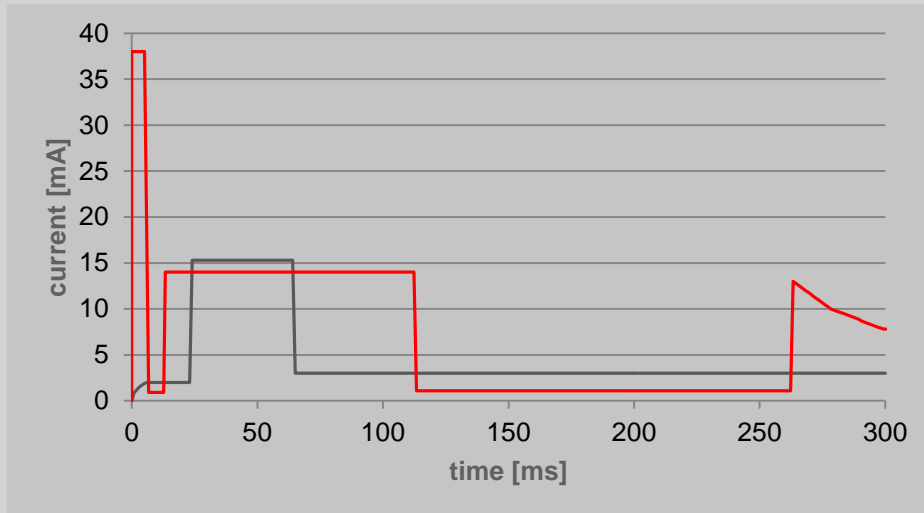


Energy = f(t)

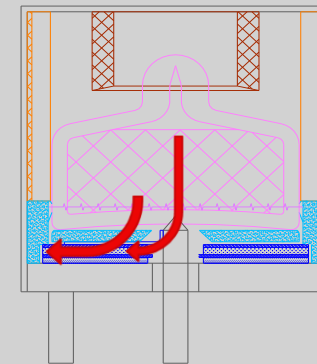
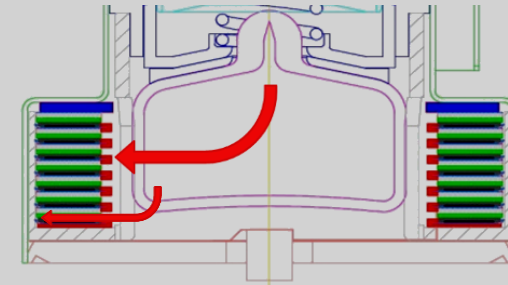


# Load Management

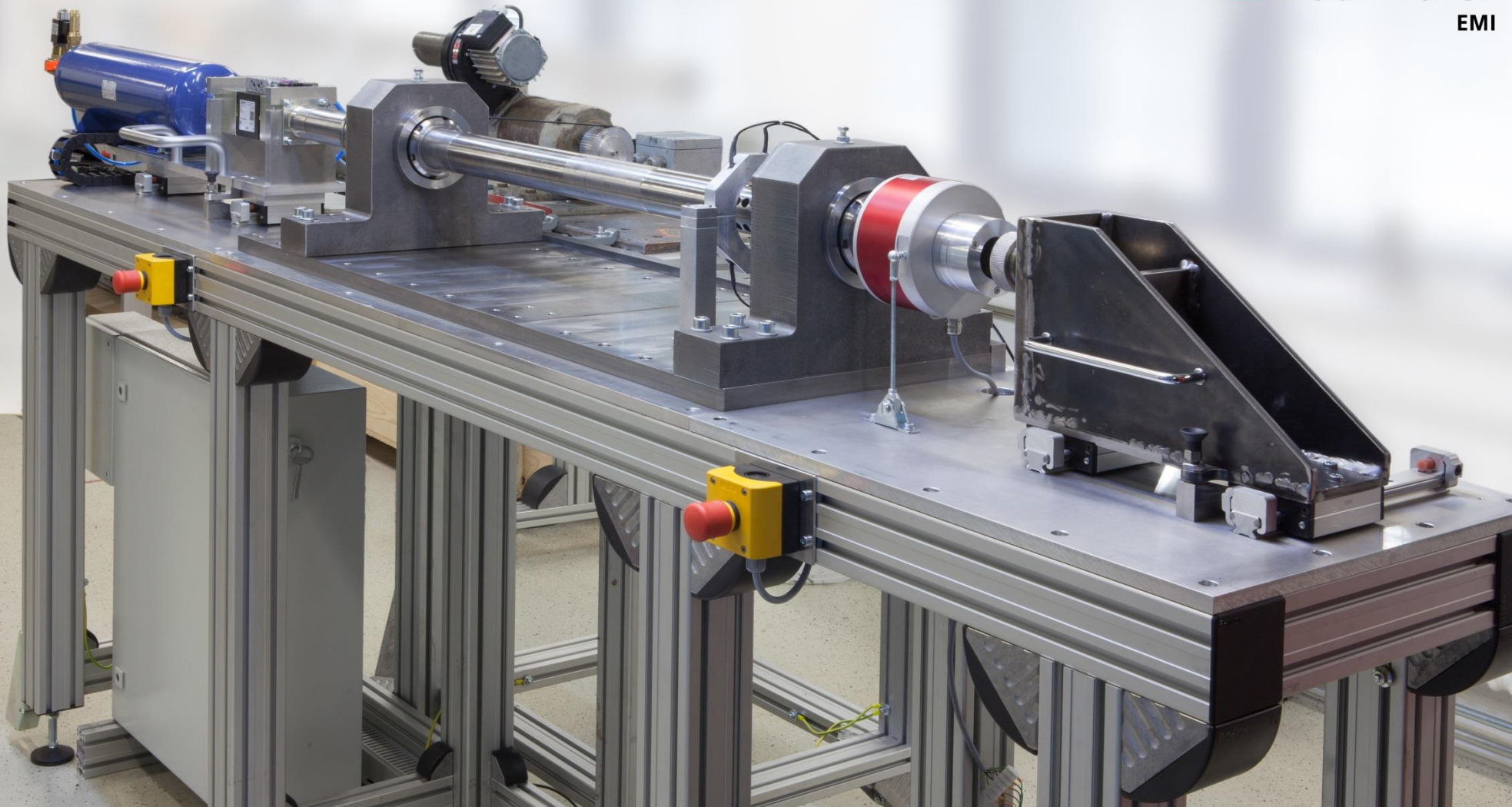
## ◆ Load Profile



- ◆ avoid (delay) high current until battery is sufficiently activated (electrolyte has reached the place where it is supposed to be)
- ◆ high capacitive load can be even worse (remember: empty capacitor is a “short circuit”)



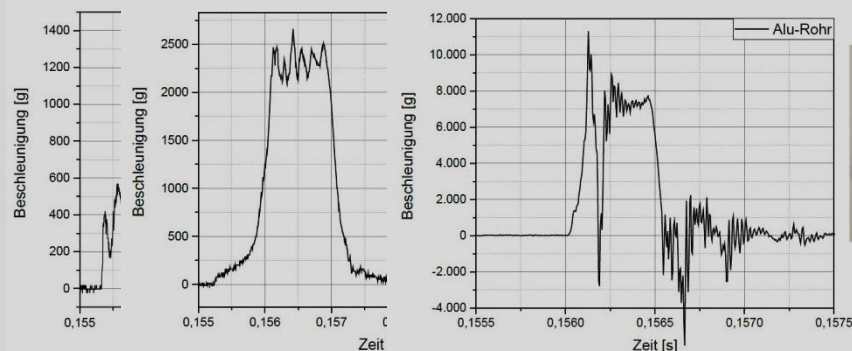
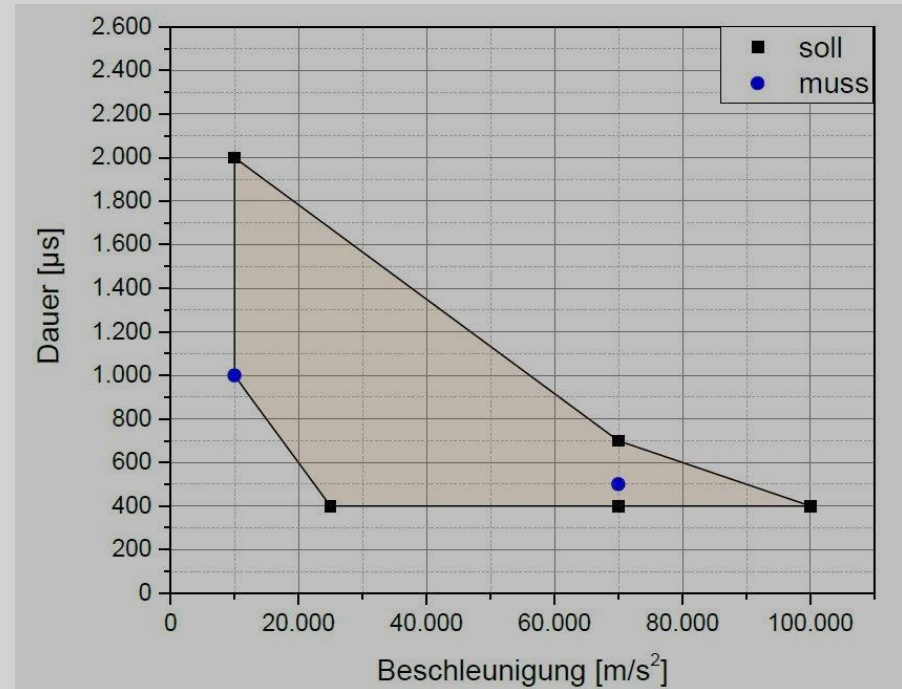
# New Lab-Test-Equipment





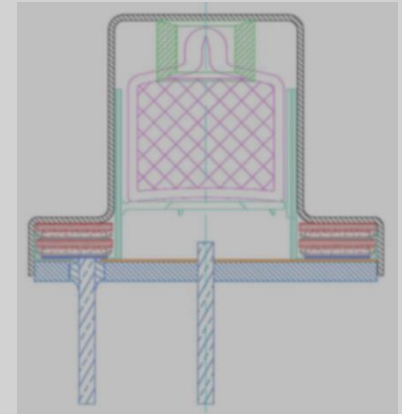
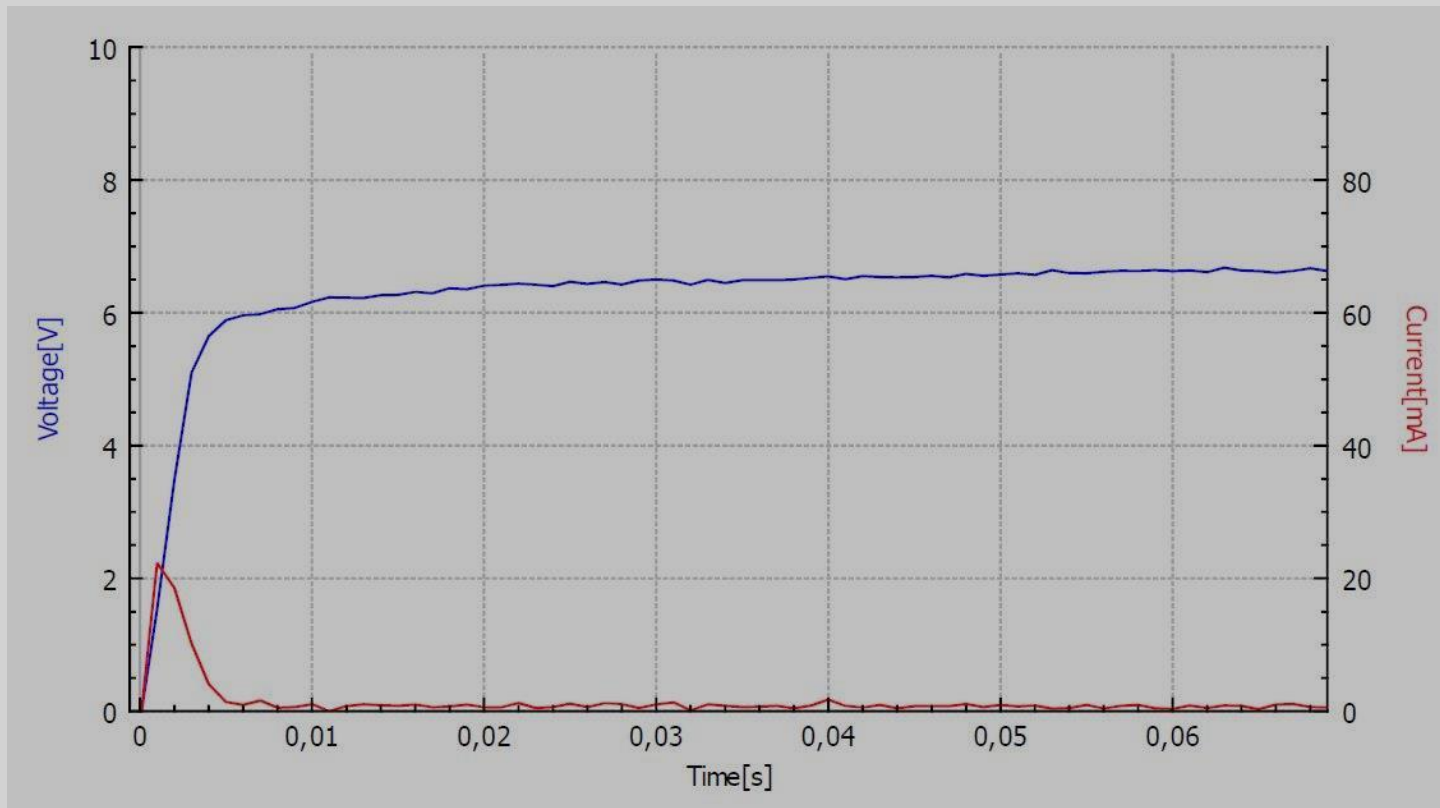
# New Lab-Test-Equipment

- ◆ External Load Panel (e.g. Maccor) or Customer Breadboard
- ◆ Synchronised Load and Data Recording
- ◆ Spin Rate up to 18,000 rpm
- ◆ Test-Time up to 500 s (actually unlimited)



# First Results

- ◆ DEP14202.02  
= none spinning mod of DEP14202.01



# Conclusion

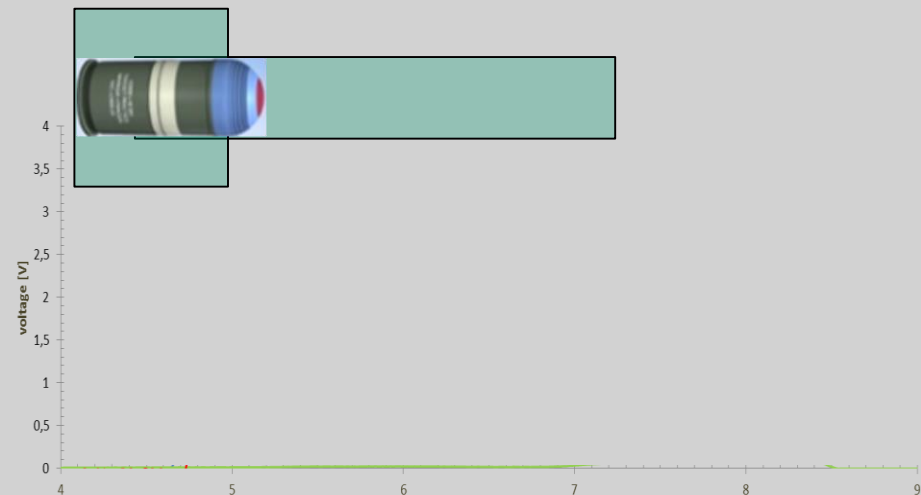
- ◆ Lithium Reserve Batteries provide very short Activation Time

- ▶ under high forces
  - Acceleration
  - Spin
- ▶ if properly designed
- ▶ under proper load management



# Conclusion

- ◆ Lithium Reserve Batteries provide very short Activation Time
  - under high forces
    - Acceleration
    - Spin
  - if properly designed
  - under proper load management



**Lithium Reserve Batteries are able to provide “In-Barrel” Power!**



Thank you for your attention!

Questions?

***... and don't forget talk to us about **YOUR** requirements!***

# Diehl & Eagle Picher Contact

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